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WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English 2025many/mni/USA pronunciation adj.,more/mr/USA pronunciationmost/most/USA pronunciation n., pron.adj. forming a large number; numerous:[before a plural noun]many people. noting each one of a large number:[~+a+singular countable noun]For many a day it rained. n.[countable] a large number of persons or things:[a+adjective+~+of the+plural noun]A good many of the beggars were blind. the many, [plural* used with a plural verb] the greater part of humankind:The needs of the many outweighed the needs of the few. pron.[used with a plural verb]many persons or things:Many were unable to attend. Many of us dislike your new policies. Idioms Idioms many a time, again and again; frequently. WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English 2025many (men),USA pronunciationadj.,more, most,n., pron.adj.constituting or forming a large number; numerous:many people. noting each one of a large number (usually fol. by a or an):For many a day it rained. n.a large or considerable number of persons or things:A good many of the beggars were blind. the many, the greater part of humankind. pron.many persons or things:Many of the beggars were blind. Many were unable to attend. bef. 900; Middle English mani, meni, Old English manig, menig; akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, menig, Danish mange, Gothic manags 1. multifarious, multitudinous, myriad; divers, sundry, various. Many, innumerable, manifold, numerous imply the presence or succession of a large number of units. Many is a popular and common word for this idea:many times.Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number or to very many units:letters too numerous to mention.Innumerable denotes a number that is beyond count or, more loosely, that is extremely difficult to count:the innumerable stars in the sky.Manifold implies not only that the number is large but also that there is variety or complexity. Collins Concise English Dictionary HarperCollins Publishers::many /mn/ determiner sometimes preceded by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many a manpreceded by as, too, that, etc: a great number of: as many apples as you like, too many clouds to see (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many as you n the many the majority of humankind, esp ordinary peopleCompare few See also more, mostEtymology: Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German managWordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English 2025more/mr/USA pronunciation adj., [comparative of] muchor manywith mostas superlative. in greater quantity, amount, or number:I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further:Do you need more time? n.[uncountable]an additional quantity, amount, or number:Would you like more? a greater quantity, amount, or degree:The price is more than I thought. Their report is more than just a survey. pron. a greater number of persons or of a specified class:[used with a plural verb]More have been injured than ever. adv.,[compar. ofmuchwith mostas superl.] in or to a greater extent or degree:[often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables]Things have become more interesting. The car moved more slowly. in addition; further; again:Let's talk more tomorrow. Idioms Idioms more and more, to an increasing extent or degree: I love you more and more every day. Idioms more or less, to some extent; somewhat:We came to more or less the same conclusion. what is more, (used to introduce information that supports the truth of what has been said):This airline is terrible: the planes are always late and what is more, they're hot and uncomfortable. WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English 2025most/most/USA pronunciation adj.,[superlative of] muchor manywith moreas comparative.[before a noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a plural noun]:[the+~]He received the most votes.[before a uncountable noun]:She has the most talent. in the majority of instances; more than half:[before a plural noun]Most operations are successful. n.[uncountable] the greatest quantity, amount, or degree:[the+~]The most I can hope for is a passing grade. the greatest number or greater part of what is specified:[~+of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:[the+~]The most this room will seat is 150. the majority of persons:to be happier than most. Slang Terms the most, the very best of something:thought her boyfriend was the most. adv.,[superl. ofmuchwith moreas compar.] in or to the greatest extent or degree:[often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables]most rapid; She behaved most wisely;He worked most carefully. very:This murder is a most puzzling case. [Informal.]almost or nearly:Most everyone around here shops at this place. Idioms Idioms at (the) most, at the maximum:Jog for one hour at (the) most. Idioms for the most part, on the whole; generally; usually:For the most part we walked, but occasionally we biked. Idioms make the most of, [~+object] to use to greatest advantage:Make the most of your opportunities. WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English 2025more (mr, mr),USA pronunciationadj.,[compar. of] much[or] many[with] most[as superl.] in greater quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number:I need more money. additional or further:Do you need more time? More discussion seems pointless. n.an additional quantity, amount, or number:I would give you more if I had it. He likes her all the more. When I could take no more of such nonsense, I left. a greater quantity, amount, or degree:More is expected of him. The price is more than I thought. something of greater importance:His report is more than a survey. (used with a pl. v.) a greater number of a class specified, or the greater number of persons:More will attend this year than ever before. adv.[compar. ofmuchwithmostas superl.]in or to a greater extent or degree (in this sense often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables, to form comparative phrases having the same force and effect as the comparative degree formed by the termination -er):more interesting; more slowly. in addition; further; longer; again:Let's talk more another time. We couldn't stand it any more. moreover. Idiomsmore and more, to an increasing extent or degree; gradually more:They became involved more and more in stock speculation. more or less: Idiomsto some extent; somewhat:She seemed more or less familiar with the subject. Idiomsabout; in substance; approximately:We came to more or less the same conclusion. bef. 900; Middle English; Old English mra; cognate with Old High German mro, Old Norse meiri, Gothic maiza. See most moreness, n. More (mr, mr),USA pronunciationn. BiographicalHannah, 17451833, English writer on religious subjects. BiographicalPaul Elmer, 18641937, U.S. essayist, critic, and editor. BiographicalSir Thomas, 14781535, English humanist, statesman, and author: canonized in 1935. Mor (m r),USA pronunciationn. Language VarietiesMossi (def. 2). WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English 2025most (mst),USA pronunciationadj.,[superl. ofmuchormanywithmoreas compar.] in the greatest quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number:to win the most votes. in the majority of instances:Most operations are successful. greatest, as in size or extent:the most talent. Idiomsfor the most part.Seepart(def. 18). n.the greatest quantity, amount, or degree; the utmost:The most I can hope for is a passing grade. the greatest number or the majority of a class specified:Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:The most this room will seat is 150. the majority of persons:to be more sensitive than most. Idiomsat the most, at the maximum. Also,at most. Idiomsmake the most of, to use to greatest advantage; utilize fully:to make the most of an opportunity. Slang Termsthe most, the ultimate in something:He's the most. That movie was the most. adv.,[superl. ofmuchwithmoreas compar.]in or to the greatest extent or degree (in this sense often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables, to form superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative degree formed by the termination -est):most rapid; most wisely. very:a most puzzling case. Informal Termsalmost or nearly. bef. 900; Middle English most(e), Old English mst; replacing Middle English mest(e), Old English mst; cognate with German meist, Gothic maists. See more 14. The adverb most, a shortened form of almost, is far from being either a recent development or an Americanism. It goes back to the 16th century in England, where it is now principally a dialect form. In American English it occurs before such pronouns as all, anyone, anybody, everyone, and everybody; the adjectives all, any, and every; and adverbs like anywhere and everywhere: Most everyone around here is related to everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere. This use of most is often objected to, but it is common in the informal speech of educated persons. It is less common in edited writing except in representations of speech. -most, a combining form ofmostoccurring in a series of superlatives:foremost; utmost. Middle English -most; replacing Middle English, Old English -mest, double superlative suffix, equivalent. to -ma superlative suffix (as in Old English forma first; compare Latin prmus) + -est1; later identified with most Much vs Many: Understanding the difference between much and many is essential for English grammar accuracy. These quantifiers help us describe the quantity of nouns, but they are used in different situations. People often get confused because both words seem similar and are used to talk about how much or how many of something, which makes it tricky to choose the right one while speaking or writing. However, the rule is actually very simple once you know whether the noun can be counted or not.This article is a quick and easy guide to help you master when to use much and many, along with clear rules, practical examples, and smart tricks to avoid common mistakes. By the end, youll confidently use these quantifiers in your daily English conversations!What is the Difference Between Much and Many?Many learners often get confused while choosing between much and many because both words refer to quantity. The key difference depends on the type of noun they describe, which is something students frequently overlook. Knowing whether a noun can be counted or not makes the rule very easy to apply.The difference you must know is: Much is used with uncountable nouns Many is used with countable nouns These rules help you choose the correct quantifier depending on whether the noun can be counted individually or not.When to Use Many? With Countable NounsUse many when the noun refers to items that we can count as individual units.Countable Nouns Examples: Apples, books, cars, chairs, students Example Sentences: How many friends do you have? There are many mistakes in this sentence. She bought many gifts for her family. Tip: If the noun has a plural form (like pens, shoes), use many.When to Use Much? With Uncountable NounsUse much when the noun refers to things that cannot be counted separately.Uncountable Nouns Examples: Water, sugar, milk, rice, information Example Sentences: There isnt much time left. How much money do you need? She doesnt have much interest in sports. Tip:If the noun cannot be counted (no plural form), use much.Also CheckMostCommon Mistakes in English Grammar with Examples and ExplanationsEnglish Tenses Chart PDF: 12 Tenses With Rules, Usage & ExamplesTrick to Remember: Countable vs. Uncountable1. If you can add numbers before the noun use manyExample: 1 car, 2 cars many cars2. If you cannot add numbers use muchExample: 1 milk, 2 milks much milkUsing Much and Many in Negative & Question SentencesBoth much and many are most commonly used in negative sentences and questions. This is one of the easiest ways to remember their usage in daily conversations.Examples: How many people are coming to the party? How much water do you drink in a day? I dont have much homework today. There arent many chairs in the room. Much Vs Many: Exceptions You Should KnowThe quantifier much is generally not used in affirmative (positive) sentences. But if it appears, it usually comes with specific words like: so much too much very much These phrases help express strong quantity or intensity.Examples: I have so much work today. He ate too much junk food. She loves her pet very much. Quick Tip for English Grammar LearnersWhenever you're confused, ask yourself:Can I count it one-by-one? Yes Many No MuchDo & Dont: Quick Rules for Using Much and Many RuleDoDont Usage with nouns Use many with countable nouns (pens, cars, apples) Dont use much with countable nouns Usage with nouns Use much with uncountable nouns (water, sugar, money) Dont use many with uncountable nouns Sentence types Use much and many in negative and question sentences Avoid using much in positive sentences (unless with so/too/very) Plural form check If a noun has a plural form, use many Dont write plural forms of uncountable nouns (sugars, informations) Strong expressions Use much with intensifiers so/too/very much Dont forget to check if the quantity feels countable Practice Time: Try These Yourself!Choose the correct option (much/many): How ___ students are in your class? We dont have ___ sugar left. There are ___ options available. She doesnt spend ___ money. How ___ water do you drink every day? He has ___ friends in the city. They didnt take ___ photos on the trip. Is there ___ milk in the fridge? Too ___ noise can disturb your sleep. How ___ apples should I buy? She doesnt eat ___ rice. There arent ___ chairs in this room. He doesnt have ___ patience. How ___ homework do you get daily? Are there ___ people at the event? Answers: many much many much much many many much much many much many much many much many Using much and many correctly becomes simple once you identify whether a noun is countable or uncountable. Remember many is for items you can count, while much is for things that cannot be counted individually. With regular practice and the tips shared in this guide, youll be able to speak and write English more confidently and accurately. Keep practicing, and soon choosing the right quantifier will feel completely natural!Also CheckDifference Between Your & You'reDifference Between Its & It'sadjective (2)noun (2)pronoun (1)a large or considerable number of persons or things.A good many of the beggars were blind.the many, the greater part of humankind.many persons or things.Many of the beggars were blind. Many were unable to attend.a large number of(as pronoun; functioning as plural)each of a considerable number ofa great number ofas many apples as you liketoo many clouds to see(as pronoun; functioning as plural)Collins English Dictionary Complete & Unabridged 2012 Digital Edition William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012the majority of mankind, esp the common people Compare fewthe many are kept in ignorance while the few prosperCollins English Dictionary Complete & Unabridged 2012 Digital Edition William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012Origin of many1First recorded before 900; Middle English mani, meni, Old English manig, menig; akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, menig, Danish mange, Gothic managsOrigin of many1Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German managMany, innumerable, manifold, numerous imply the presence or succession of a large number of units. Many is a popular and common word for this idea: many times. Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number or to very many units: letters too numerous to mention. Innumerable denotes a number that is beyond count or, more loosely, that is extremely difficult to count: the innumerable stars in the sky. Manifold implies not only that the number is large but also that there is variety or complexity.Examples are provided to illustrate real-world usage of words in context. Any opinions expressed do not reflect the views of Dictionary.com.My brother wants to sell his home to my sister, because his health has been in a sharp decline and he cant afford maintenance and many of his bills.At least 151 people died and many of the complexs 4,600 residents, including seniors who had lived there for decades, lost their homes.Read more on The Wall Street JournalTurkeys constitution protects freedom of religion, but many Christians in this overwhelmingly Muslim country have long felt like outsiders.Read more on The Wall Street JournalWhile the plans have been met with widespread support from economic and tourism bodies, the scale of the development has been questioned by many living nearby.A player can sustain a cut or a bruise from many kinds of challenges and collisions, so it would not make much sense.Manx shearwatermany aBrowse#aabbccddeeffgghhiijjkkllmmnnooppqqrrsstuuvvwwxxyyzzAboutCareersContact usCookies, terms, & privacyHelpFollow usGet the Word of the Day every day! 2025 Dictionary.com, LLC Also found in: Thesaurus, Medical, Legal, Financial, Acronyms, Idioms, Encyclopedia, Wikipedia.Related to many: many things (mn)adj. more (mr), most (mst) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many friends.2. Being one of a large indefinite number; numerous: many a child; many another day.n. (used with a pl. verb)1. The majority of the people; the masses: "The many fail, the one succeeds" (Tennyson).2. A large indefinite number: A good many of the workers had the flu.pron. (used with a pl. verb) A large number of persons or things: "For many are called, but few are chosen" (Matthew 22:14).Idiom: as many The same number of: moved three times in as many years.American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, Fifth Edition. Copyright 2016 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. Published by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. All rights reserved. (mn) determiner1. a. a large number of: many coaches; many times. b. (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated already. 2. (foll by: a, an, or another, and a singular noun) each of a considerable number of: many a man. 3. a. a great number of: as many apples as you like; too many clouds to see. b. (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many as you. nthe many the majority of mankind, esp the common people: the many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper. Compare few7[Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag]Collins English Dictionary Complete and Unabridged, 12th Edition 2014 HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1994, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2014 (mn i) adj. more, most, n., pron. adj. 1. constituting or forming a large number; numerous: many people. 2. noting each one of a large number (usu. fol. by a or an): For many a day it rained. n. 3. a large or considerable number of persons or things: A good many of the beggars were blind. 4. the many, the greater part of humankind. pron. 5. many persons or things: Many were unable to attend. Idioms: many a time, again and again; frequently. [before 900; Old English manig, menig, c. Old High German manag, menig, Old Norse mangr] syn: many, numerous, innumerable, manifold imply the presence of a large number of units. many is a general word that refers to a large but indefinite number of units or individuals: many years ago; many friends and supporters. numerous, a more formal word, stresses the individual and separate quality of the units: to receive numerous letters. innumerable denotes a number that is too large to be counted or, more loosely, that is very difficult to count: the innumerable stars. manifold implies that the number is large, but also varied or complex: manifold responsibilities. Random House Kernerman Webster's College Dictionary, 2010 K Dictionaries Ltd. Copyright 2005, 1997, 1991 by Random House, Inc. All rights reserved.a large number; a company; multitude of people: the many, 1688.Dictionary of Collective Nouns and Group Terms. Copyright 2008 The Gale Group, Inc. All rights reserved.1. 'many' used in front of a plural nounYou use many immediately in front of the plural form of a noun to talk about a large number of people or things.Many young people worry about their weight.Her music is popular in many countries.In positive statements, 'many' is slightly formal, and a lot of is often used instead.A lot of people agree with this view.In questions and negative statements, many is usually used rather than 'a lot of'.Do many people in your country speak English?There are not many books in the library.2. 'many of'To refer to a large number of the people or things in a particular group, you use many of in front of a plural pronoun, or in front of a plural noun phrase beginning with the, these, those, or a possessive such as my or their.Many of them were forced to leave their homes.Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather.Many of his books are still available.3. 'many' used as a pronounMany is sometimes used as a pronoun to refer to a large group of people or things. This is a fairly formal use.Many have asked themselves whether this was the right thing to do.Be Careful!Don't use 'many' or 'many of' before an uncountable noun, to talk about a large quantity or amount of something. Use much or much of.4. 'many more'You can use many with more to emphasize the difference in size between two groups of people or things.I have many more friends here than I did in my home town.We have had many more problems recently than before.Collins COBUILD English Usage HarperCollins Publishers 1992, 2004, 2011, 2012 Adj.1.many - a quantifier that can be used with count nouns and is often preceded by `as' or `too' or `so' or `that'; amounting to a large but indefinite number; "many temptations"; "the temptations are many"; "a good many"; "a great many"; "many directions"; "take as many apples as you like"; "too many clouds to see"; "never saw so many people"more - (comparative of `many' used with count nouns) quantifier meaning greater in number; "a hall with more seats"; "we have no more bananas"; "more than one"some - quantifier; used with either mass nouns or plural count nouns to indicate an unspecified number or quantity; "have some milk"; "some roses were still blooming"; "having some friends over"; "some apples"; "some paper"few - a quantifier that can be used with count nouns and is often preceded by `a'; a small but indefinite number; "a few weeks ago"; "a few more wagons than usual"; "an invalid's pleasures are few and far between"; "few roses were still blooming"; "few women have led troops in battle"Based on WordNet 3.0, Farlex clipart collection. 2003-2012 Princeton University, Farlex Inc.determiner1. numerous, various, varied, countless, abundant, myriad, innumerable, sundry, copious, manifold, umpteen (informal), profuse, multifarious, multitudinous, multifold, divers (archaic) He had many books and papers on the subject.pronoun1. a lot, lots (informal), plenty, a mass, scores, piles (informal), tons (informal), heaps (informal), large numbers, a multitude, umpteen (informal), a horde, a thousand and one Many had avoided the delays by consulting the tourist office.Collins Thesaurus of the English Language Complete and Unabridged 2nd Edition. 2002 HarperCollins Publishers 1995, 2002adjectiveThe American Heritage Roget's Thesaurus. Copyright 2013, 2014 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. Published by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. All rights reserved. beaucoupnombreuxbeaucoup demoult [men]A. ADJ muchos/asmany people mucha gente, muchas personasin many cases en muchos casosa good or a great many houses muchas or (LAm) bastantes casashowever many books you have por muchos libros que tengasnot many people poca genteso many tantos/asso many flies tantas moscasever so many people la mar de gente, tantsimas personasmany a time I've seen him act, many's the time I've seen him act muchas veces lo he visto actuartoo many demasiados/astoo many difficulties demasiadas dificultadesB. PRON muchos/asmany of them came muchos (de ellos) vinieronhe has as many as I have tiene tantos como yohe has three times as many as I have tiene tres veces ms que yothere were as many as 100 at the meeting asistieron a la reunin hasta cien personasas many again otros tantosand as many more y otros tantoshow many are there? cuntos hay?how many there are! cuntos hay!however many you have por muchos que tengasnot many pocosnot many came vinieron pocosC. N the many la mayoraCollins Spanish Dictionary - Complete and Unabridged 8th Edition 2005 William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1971, 1988 HarperCollins Publishers 1992, 1993, 1996, 1997, 2000, 2003, 2005Collins English/French Electronic Resource. HarperCollins Publishers 2005 adj, pron viele; many people viele (Menschen oder Leute); she has many sie hat viele (davon); he hasnt got many er hat nicht viele (davon); there were as many as 20 es waren sogar 20 da; fifty went to France and as many to Germany fnfzig gingen nach Frankreich und ebenso viele nach Deutschland; as many again noch einmal so viele; they are just so many cowards das sind lauter Feiglinge; theres one too many einer ist zu viel; hes had one too many (inf) er hat einen zu viel or einen ber den Durst getrunken (inf); they were too many for us sie waren zu viele or zu zahlreich fr uns; he made one mistake too many er hat einen Fehler zu viel gemacht; a good/great many houses eine (ganze) Reihe or Anzahl Huser; many a good soldier so mancher gute Soldat; many a time so manches Mal; she waited many a long year (liter) sie wartete gar manches lange Jahr (liter); manys the time Ive heard that old story ich habe diese alte Geschichte so manches Mal gehrt n the many die (groe) Masse: many-coloured, (US) many-colored Collins German Dictionary Complete and Unabridged 7th Edition 2005. William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1980 HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1997, 1999, 2004, 2005, 2007 [mn] adj & pron molti/e, tanti/etoo many difficulties troppe difficoltmany a ... pi di un(a)..., molti/e...a great many un gran numero (di), moltissimi/eso many books (cos) tanti librimany people molta or tanta gente, molte personethere were as many as 100 at the meeting alla riunione c'erano ben 100 personemany a man pi d'uno, moltimany a time pi voltehe has as many as I have ne ha tanti quanti ne ho iothere's one too many ce n' uno in pihe's had one too many ha bevuto un bicchiere di troppoas many again altrettantitwice as many due volte tantoa good or great many houses moltissime case, un gran numero di casehow many? quanti/e?how many people? quanta gente?, quante persone?there are too many of you siete (in) troppihowever many there may be per quanti ce ne sianomany of them came molti di loro sono venutiCollins Italian Dictionary 1st Edition HarperCollins Publishers 1995 (meni) comparative more (mo) : superlative most (moust) adjective a great number of. Many languages are spoken in Africa; There weren't very many people; You've made a great/good many mistakes. baie muitos mnoho viele mange mucho, muchos palju monia beaucoup mnogo, velik broj sok banyak margir molti, molte daugelis, daugyb daudz banyak veelmangeduo, wiele muitos mult ; mnoho, vea mnogo mnogo mnga ok nhiu; lm pronounmany- having a great number of (something). many-coloured; many-sided. veel multi- mnoho- viel-... mange- - (.) multi- mitme- moni- beaucoup de, multi- - vie- sok-, tbb- banyak marg- multi- daugia- daudz- banyak veel- mange-, fler- wielo- multi- cu mai multe - mnoho- ve... vie- mng- ok ... (-li) ...() - (t ghp) nhiu ... many a a great number of. I've told him many a time to be more polite. baie muitas (vezes) mnoho des fteren mange muchos mitu moni maint viestruko sok, szmos banyak (fjl)margur, margoft parecchi, parecchie , daug daudz banyak menigmang enwiele muitas (vezes) de mai multe veakrt mnog mnogo mngen pek ok, birok nhiu many means a great number (of): many cars ; Some are full, but many are empty . much means a great amount (of): much effort ; She doesn't say much . Kernerman English Multilingual Dictionary 2006-2013 K Dictionaries Ltd. , mnoho mange viele muchos moni beaucoup, nombreux mnogi molti , , veel mange, mye liczni, wiele muitos mnga , ok nhiu , Multilingual Translator HarperCollins Publishers 2009a., pron. muchos-as; tantos, tantas;a great ___ muchos, muchas; as ___ as tantos-as como, igual nmero de. English-Spanish Medical Dictionary Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times..muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish/Spanish-English Medical Dictionary Copyright 2006 by The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. All rights reserved. Want to thank TFD for its existence? Tell a friend about us, add a link to this page, or visit the webmaster's page for free fun content. Link to this page: English Wikipedia has an article on:Wikipedia From Middle English many, mani, moni, from Old English mani, moni, mane (many), from Proto-West Germanic *manag, from Proto-Germanic *managaz (some, much, many). The noun is from Middle English manye, *menye, from Old English manigeo, menigu (company, multitude, host), from Proto-West Germanic *managu, *manag, from Proto-Germanic *manag, *manag (multitude), from the same root as the determiner. Cognate with Middle Low German menige, menie, menje (multitude), Russian (mnogo), Serbo-Croatian mnogo. many (comparative more, superlative most)before a countable noun: A large, indefinite number of.Synonym: numerousAntonyms: a couple of, a few, a handful of, several; one; no, zeroHypernyms: multiple, variousHyponym: countlessNot many such people enjoyed playing chess.There are very many different ways to cook a meal.186465, Charles Dickens, chapter 15, in Our Mutual Friend:I did it in a moment of conceit and follyone of my many such momentsone of my many such hoursyears.2013 July 6, The rise of smart beta, in The Economist, volume 408, number 8843, page 68:Investors face a quandary. Cash offers a return of virtually zero in many developed countries; government-bond yields may have risen in recent weeks but they are still unattractive. Equities have suffered two big bear markets since 2000 and are wobbling again. It is hardly surprising that pension funds, insurers and endowments are searching for new sources of return.before a countable noun: (in combinations such as 'as many', 'so many', 'this many') Used to indicate, demonstrate or compare the number of people or things.We don't need this many bananas. Put some back.There may be as many as ten million species of insect.I don't have as many friends as my sister does. Many is used only with the plural of countable nouns (except in the combination many a). Its counterpart used with uncountable nouns is much. Many and much merge in the comparative and superlative forms, which are more and most for both determiners.It was once common to use the indefinite article with many (very a many years ago), as it still is with few (a few good men). However, this has fallen out of favor except in formations such as "a great/good many." manyA large, indefinite number of people or things.Many are called, but few are chosen.1921, Ben Travers, chapter 4, in A Cuckoo in the Nest, Garden City, N.Y.: Doubleday, Page & Company, published 1925, OCLC:By some paradoxical evolution rancour and intolerance have been established in the vanguard of primitive Christianity. Mrs. Spoker, in common with many of the stricter disciples of righteousness, was as inclement in demeanour as she was cadaverous in aspect.1909, Archibald Marshall [pseudonym; Arthur Hammond Marshall], chapter III, in The Squires Daughter, New York, N.Y.: Dodd, Mead and Company, published 1919, OCLC:The big houses, and there are a good many of them, lie for the most part in what may be called by courtesy the valleys. You catch a glimpse of them sometimes at a little distance from the [railway] line, which seems to have shown some ingenuity in avoiding them,[]. many-to-manymany-to-oneone-to-many many (plural (rare) manies) many (comparative more, superlative most)Existing in large number; numerous.2008 January/February, James Fallows, The $1.4 Trillion Question, in The Atlantic Monthly[1]:Lets take these fears about a rich, strong China to their logical extreme. The U.S. and Chinese governments are always disagreeingabout trade, foreign policy, the environment. Someday the disagreement could be severe. Taiwan, Tibet, North Korea, Iranthe possibilities are many, though Taiwan always heads the list. multiple, several; see also Thesaurus:manifold many, in OneLook Dictionary Search. many Borrowed from Arabic (man). This entry needs pronunciation information. If you are familiar with the IPA then please add some! many (definite accusative manyny, plural manylar) many in Enedilim.commany in Webonary.org From Middle English mani, from Old English mani, from Proto-West Germanic *manag. manymany1867, A YOLA ZONG, in SONGS, ETC. IN THE DIALECT OF FORTH AND BARGY, number 6, page 86:Many a bra draught by Tommeen was ee-maate;Many a brave stroke by Tommy was made; Jacob Poole (d. 1827) (before 1828), William Barnes, editor, A Glossary, With some Pieces of Verse, of the old Dialect of the English Colony in the Baronies of Forth and Bargy, County of Wexford, Ireland, London: J. Russell Smith, published 1867, page 86 Meanings Synonyms Sentences Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number. Consisting of some large, indefinite number (of persons or things); numerous. Relatively numerous (preceded by as, too, etc.) A large number (of persons or things) The majority of the people; the masses. A large indefinite number. A good many of the workers had the flu. A collective mass of people. Democracy must balance the rights of the few against the will of the many.A great many do not understand this. An indefinite large number of. Many people enjoy playing chess; there are many different ways to cook a meal. The same number of: moved three times in as many years. a relatively large number (of persons or things) an extremely large number (of persons or things) the same number of to read ten books in as many days be (one) too many for someone to be more, stronger, etc. than someone can defeat or successfully deal with More idioms definitions (3) The noun is from Middle English manye, *menye, from Old English manigeo, menigu (company, multitude, host"), from Proto-Germanic *manag, *manag (multitude"), from the same root as the determiner. Cognate with Middle Low German menige, menie, menje (multitude"). From Wiktionary From Middle English many, mani, moni, from Old English mani, moni, mane (many"), from Proto-Germanic *managaz (some, much, many"), from Proto-Indo-European *monogo- (many"). From Wiktionary Middle English from Old English manig menegh- in Indo-European roots From American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, 5th Edition

How many sessions of cbt do you need. How many sessions for cbt. Types of cbt for ptsd. How many cbt sessions on nhs. How many sessions of cbt for depression. How many therapy sessions for ptsd. Is cbt effective for ptsd.

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